

1. DEMOGRAPHICS

Child Name: Male/Female: Date of Birth:		Diagnosis:	Assessment Date: Time:		
Assessed by:				1111101	
Gestation Term weeks	Birth	Weight	kg	NVD □	C-section ☐
Subsequent History					
Type of Surgery	Date			Complications	
Medication					
2. SUBJECTIVE ASSESSMENT	(obtair	ned from caregiver)			
a. Impairments (only describe imp	airmer	nts relevant to the indi	vidua	child)	
Mental function					
Sight, hearing					
Speech					
Feeding					
Pain					
Respiratory or cardiac function					
Continence					
Skin condition					
b. Activities					
Learning and applying knowledge					
Communication					
Self-care; dressing, bathing, brushii	ng teet	h			
Physical activity (highest level of ac	tivity (duration or distance?)			



c. Participation

Domestic life (how he spends his day?)

Interpersonal relationships

Community and social life

d. Environment

Appliances

Transport

Accessibility in home (type of house, no. of rooms, no. of people sleeping per room, available amenities, space move around) and other areas

Support of community and family involvement

Services (disability and child support grant)

GENERAL OBSERVATION

Is child walking, in a buggy or wheelchair, using appliances?

Observe child undressing and comment.

3. OBJECTIVE ASSESSMENT

a. Activity

START AT HIGHEST FUNTIONAL LEVEL!

If standing, assess POSTURE in standing, with appliances on.

If in a wheelchair, assess POSTURE in wheelchair (this is where he spends most of his time)

Describe and analyse FUNCTION IN HIGHEST LEVEL.

If ambulant, describe: walking

Running

Jumping

Hopping left and right

Stair climbing



Throwing and catching a ball

Assess BALANCE in highest functional level, both static and dynamic.

Observe and describe how child moves to a lower functional level, eg. transitional movement from STANDING TO SITTING ON A CHAIR AND STANDING TO SITTING ON THE FLOOR AND BACK UP AGAIN.

Observe and describe how child gets into and out of HALF KNEELING, KNEELING and CRAWLING. Is child able to maintain these positions? Is he able to play in these positions? Describe type of play.

If the highest functional position is SITTING SUPPORTED IN A WHEELCHAIR, describe what child can do in this position. Can he reach and grasp an object? Can he hold a pen and write? Does he need help in getting out of wheelchair – how much assistance does he need?

Transfer child to the mat. Can he SIT UNSUPPORTED? If not, describe what is preventing him from doing so. Try LONG SIT, CROSS LEG SITTING, SIDE SITTING. What can he do in these positions, eg. maintain position with bilateral arm support, free one hand to reach or play, move out of these positions?

If child is unable to sit, position him in SUPINE. Describe function in this position. Can he reach symmetrically with both arms? Can he kick legs? Can he roll to SIDE LYING or PRONE?

In PRONE describe what he can do. Describe how he gets into PUPPY PRONE, can he maintain this? Can he lift his head? Can he free one arm and reach forward without collapsing on opposite side? Can he creep in this position, describe how. Can he move out of this position into SUPINE or CRAWLING POSITION? Describe this movement.

b. Impairments

CHEST CONDITION

Chronic productive cough?

TONE

Describe tone in all affected muscle groups.



ROM

If full range of motion, document FROM.

If range is limited, you must measure limitation with goniometer and record accurately.

MUSCLE LENGTH

Note when muscle is shortened.

- 4. Review ICF Framework before analysing problems
- 5. PROBLEM LIST

Document FUNCTIONAL problems

Prioritise the most important problems and analyse completely, using the following table.

Functional Problem	Missing Component	Underlying Reason	Intervention	Indicator
Usually activity or participation restriction	Usually activity	Usually impairment		

6. Short Term Aims

Must be functional aims (likely to be achieved in the next few treatment sessions)

7. Long Term Aim

Think of ONE function you would like to improve in 6 months' time



8. SOAP NOTES

Including progress and any changes you need to make to your intervention plan.

Reference

Guideline of physiotherapy assessment for children with Cerebral palsy (ICF framework) by Prof. Jennifer Jelsma, Physiotherapy Division, Department of Health and Rehabilitation Sciences, University of Cape Town is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 2.5 South Africa License. Please see http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/2.5/za/ for terms and conditions.